# Innovation in Contraceptive R&D Funding













# Interpretation

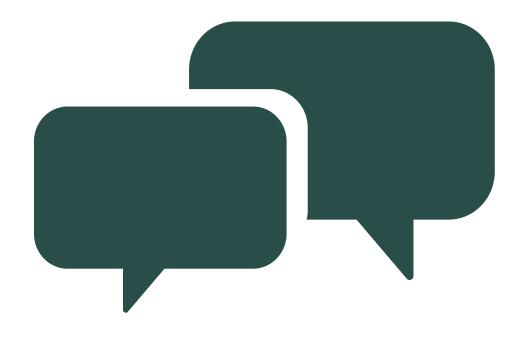


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# Logistics



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# Overview

Closing Remarks	Dr. Samukeliso Dube FP2030	10 Mins	
Q&A	Moderated by Event Host	15 Mins	
<b>Discussion:</b> Impact of Funder Strategy on Research Capability	Rebecca Callahan, PhD, MPH FHI 360	20 Mins	
Private Investment in Contraceptive Innovation	Stasia Obremskey, MBA RH Capital	20 Mins	
Global Funding for Contraception R&D: Broadening Horizons to meet a Diversity of Needs	Cécile Ventola, PhD Policy Cures Research	20 Mins	
Welcome & Logistics	Kate Rademacher, MHA Independent Consultant	5 Mins	

# GLOBAL FUNDING FOR CONTRACEPTION

R&D:

BROADENING HORIZONS TO MEET A DIVERSITY OF NEEDS

Policy Cures Research 26th July 2023

Cécile Ventola Senior Technical Officer | Sexual and reproductive health

# POLICY CURES RESEARCH.



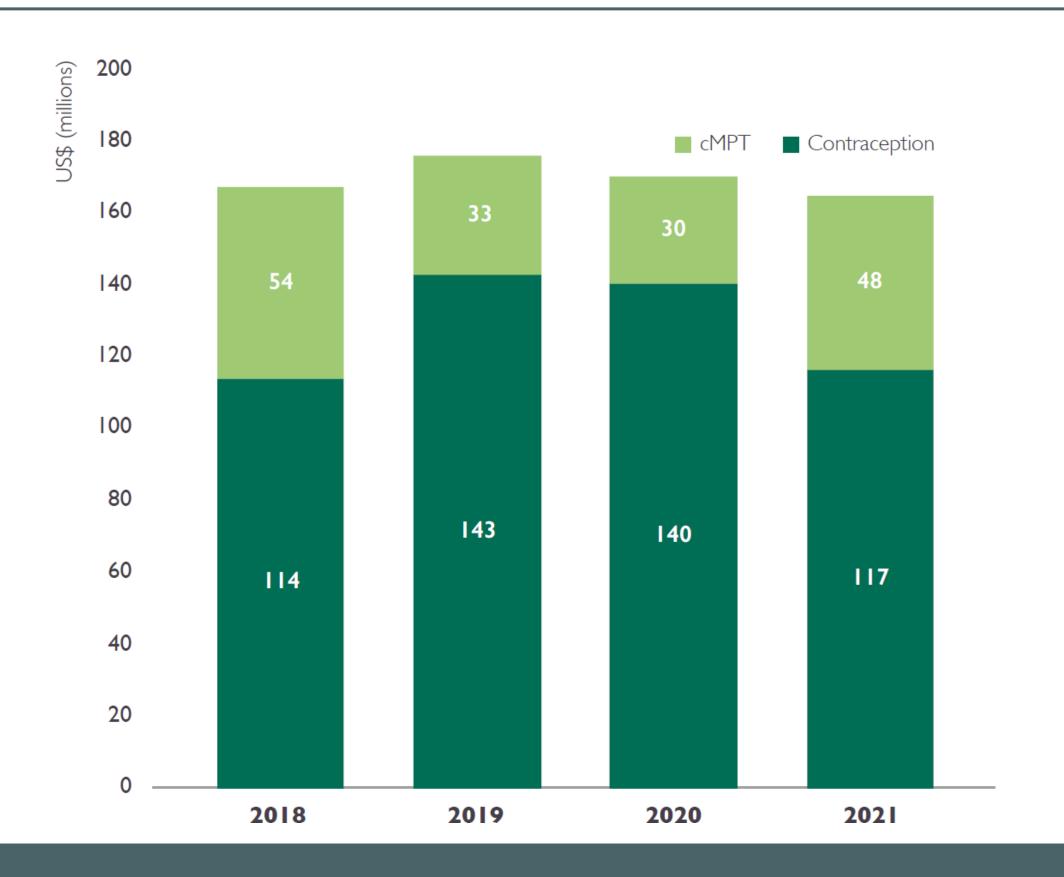
### The G-Finder survey

- tracks annual investment into R&D for new products and technologies to address priority global health challenges since 2007: annual survey with funders, grant recipients and industry (self-funded) and publicly available data (US NIH, Gates)
  - Neglected diseases, emerging infectious diseases, sexual and reproductive health
  - LMICs focused
- Sexual and reproductive health: data collected in 2013 and annually since 2018

#### Contraception:

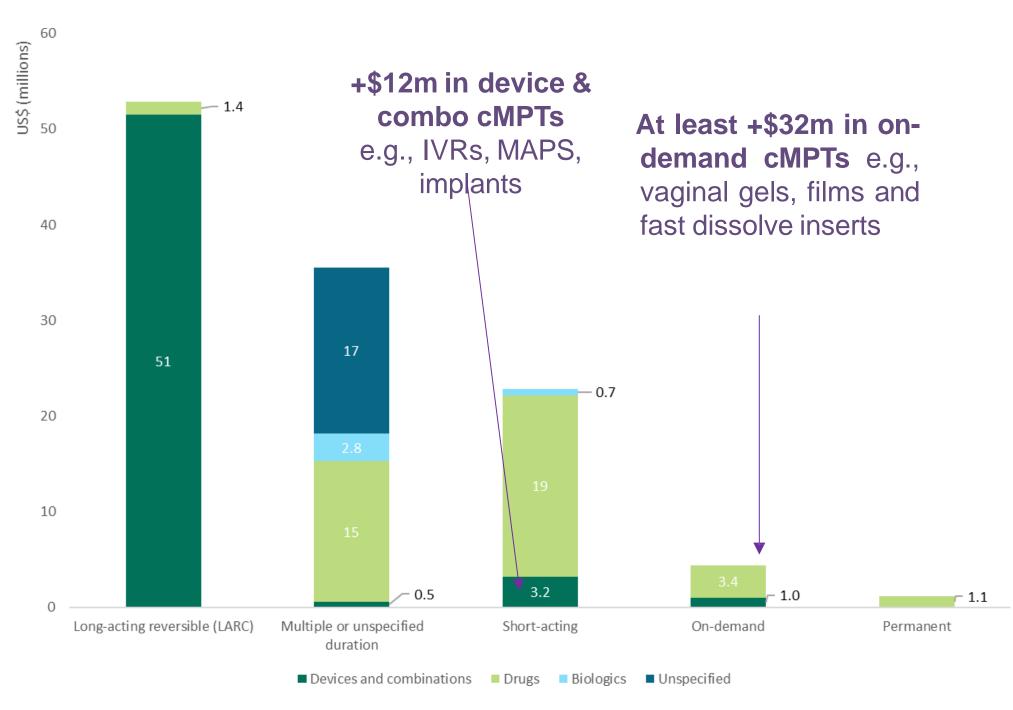
- Scope: all contraceptive research from early stage to post-registration studies (drugs, vaccines, biologics, devices and combinations), LMIC applicable
- Categories: LARCs (e.g. IUS, yearly IVRs), short-acting contraceptives (e.g. monthly OCP, microarray patch, NES/T gel), on demand (vaginal capsules, oral pills, gels), permanent, multiple or unspecified duration
- Multi-purpose technologies (MPTs) analyzed separately

# Global investment in contraceptive R&D 2018-2021



It's been generally stagnant, and recently declined

# Funding by contraceptive type: where is the focus? 2021 snapshot



#### LARCs (\$53m, 45%)

- almost exclusively invested in devices & combination products (97% of LARC funding)
- ▶ third consecutive decrease overall, but LARC devices still dominate

#### Multiple or unspecified duration (\$36m, 30%)

- focused on **unspecified product types and drug R&D** (91%) = largely multi-year/multi-method projects
- ► doubling since 2018, general (albeit fluctuating) focus on products the same

#### **Short-acting (\$23m, 20%)**

- concentrated on **drug R&D** (83%)
- Some \$ to device & combinations (14%) e.g., IVRs, MAPs
- ► halving from 2020, but similar drug focus across all years

#### On-demand (\$4.4m, 3.8%)

- mostly to novel drugs (\$3.4m, 77%)
- ► similar funding levels across years, largely same focus on drugs

#### Permanent (\$1.1m, 1.0%)

- via single drug R&D grant for fallopian tube-directed sclerotising polycloidal foam
- less than half as much as either 2020 or 2018, but more than the zero in 2019

#### Funders are few, and investment is concentrated

- Since 2018, 30 different funders of contraception R&D.
- Just under 90% of all funding between 2018 and 2021 came from three sources: the US NIH, the Gates Foundation and (aggregated) industry.
- While Gates supporter of early-stage R&D, US NIH has dominated funding for clinical development & postregistration studies (e.g. CCTN).
- Funding that does not specify R&D stage (40% of total) is nearly all from industry, covering undisclosed early and late-stage product development.

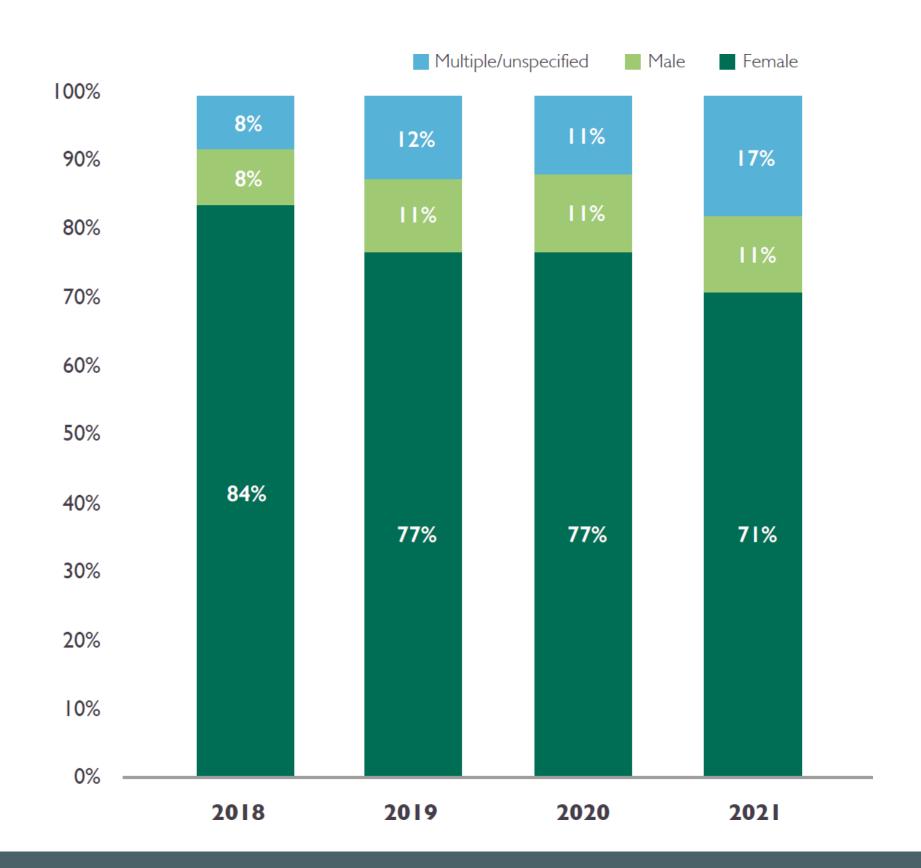
	US\$ (millions)			% of total		
Funders	2018	2019	2020	2021	2021	
Gates Foundation	26	45	49	47	40%	
US NIH	26	35	33	29	24%	
Aggregate Industry	51	52	39	23	20%	
Population Council	3.5	2.9	2.9	10	8.9%	
USAID	5.4	4.3	11	4.1	3.5%	
Male Contraceptive Initiative (MCI)	0.6	0.8	1.4	1.7	1.4%	
EC	0	0.2	1.5	1.2	1.1%	
Children's Investment Fund Foundation (CIFF)			0.4	0.4	0.4%	
Parsemus Foundation	<0.1	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.1%	
Vinnova			<0.1	<0.1	<0.1%	
Brazilian FAPESP		<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1%	
TOTAL*	114	143	140	117	100%	

<sup>\*</sup>Totals in 2018-2020 reflect total funding for those respective years.

No reported funding.

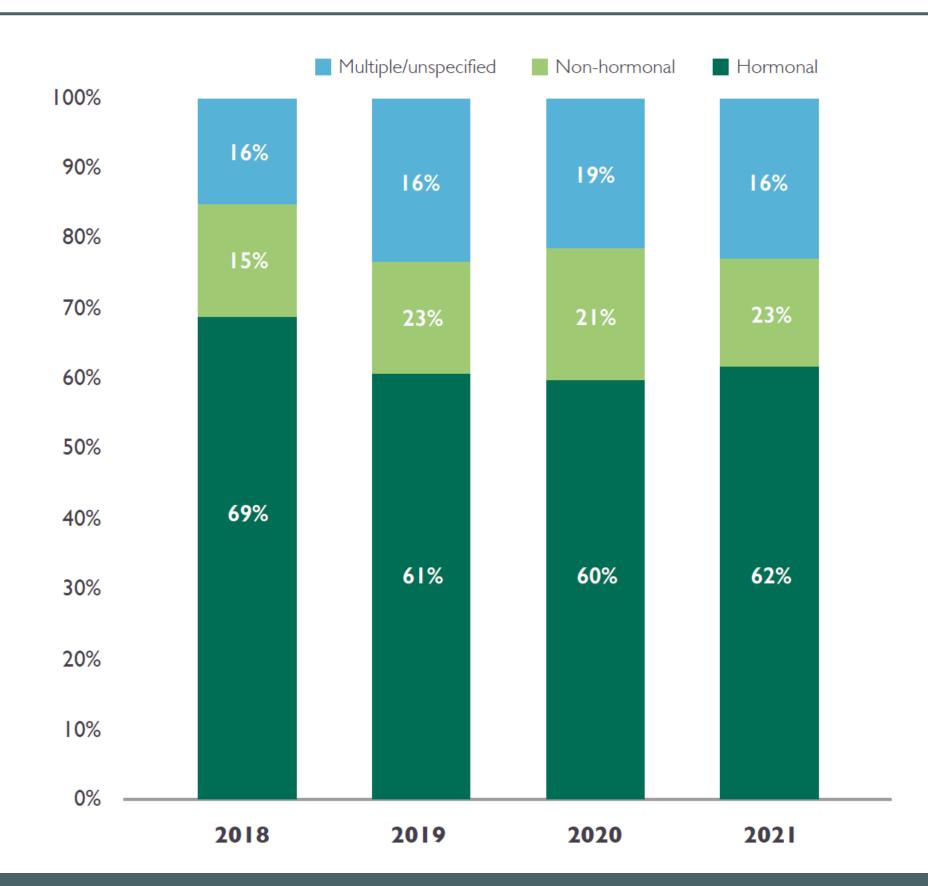
#### Female vs male end users

- Female end-user R&D dominates but has gradually declined
- Male end-users and multi/unspecified users have risen
- Male contraceptives: 57% short acting, and recent increase in LARCs and multiple/unspecified duration (from an average of 21% 2018-2020 to 42% in 2021)



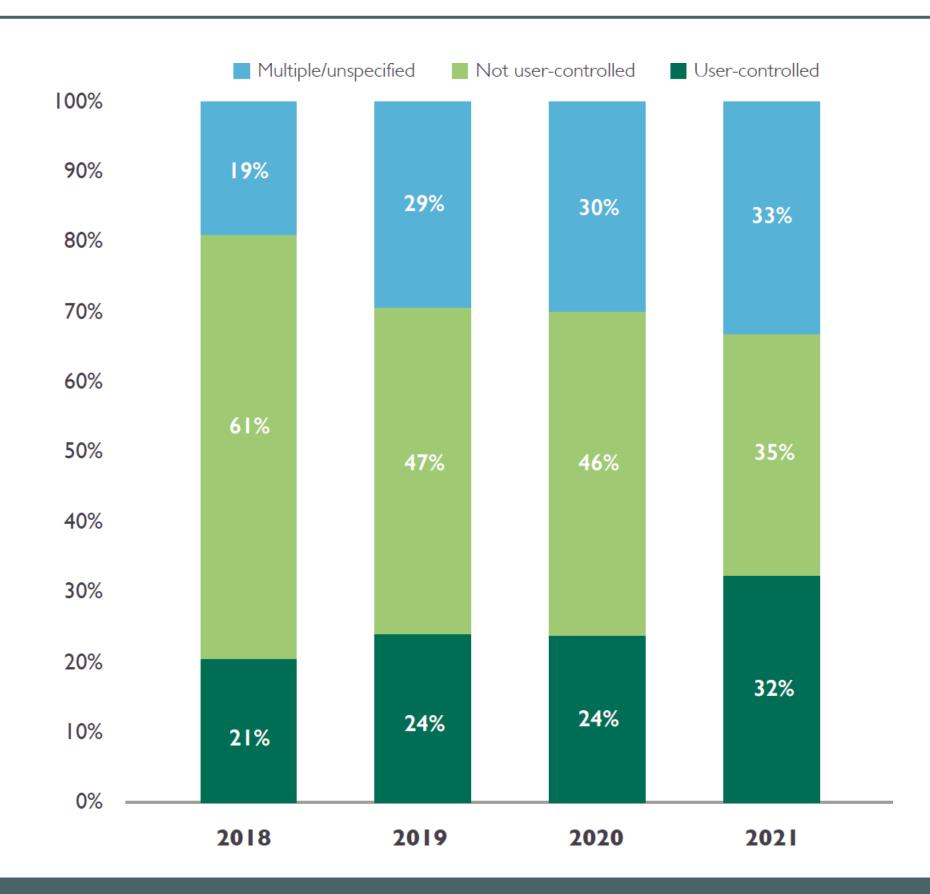
#### Hormonal vs non-hormonal

 Hormonal contraceptives averaging 60%+, but has also experienced two consecutive years of decline (+ much on reduced/ultra reduced hormones)

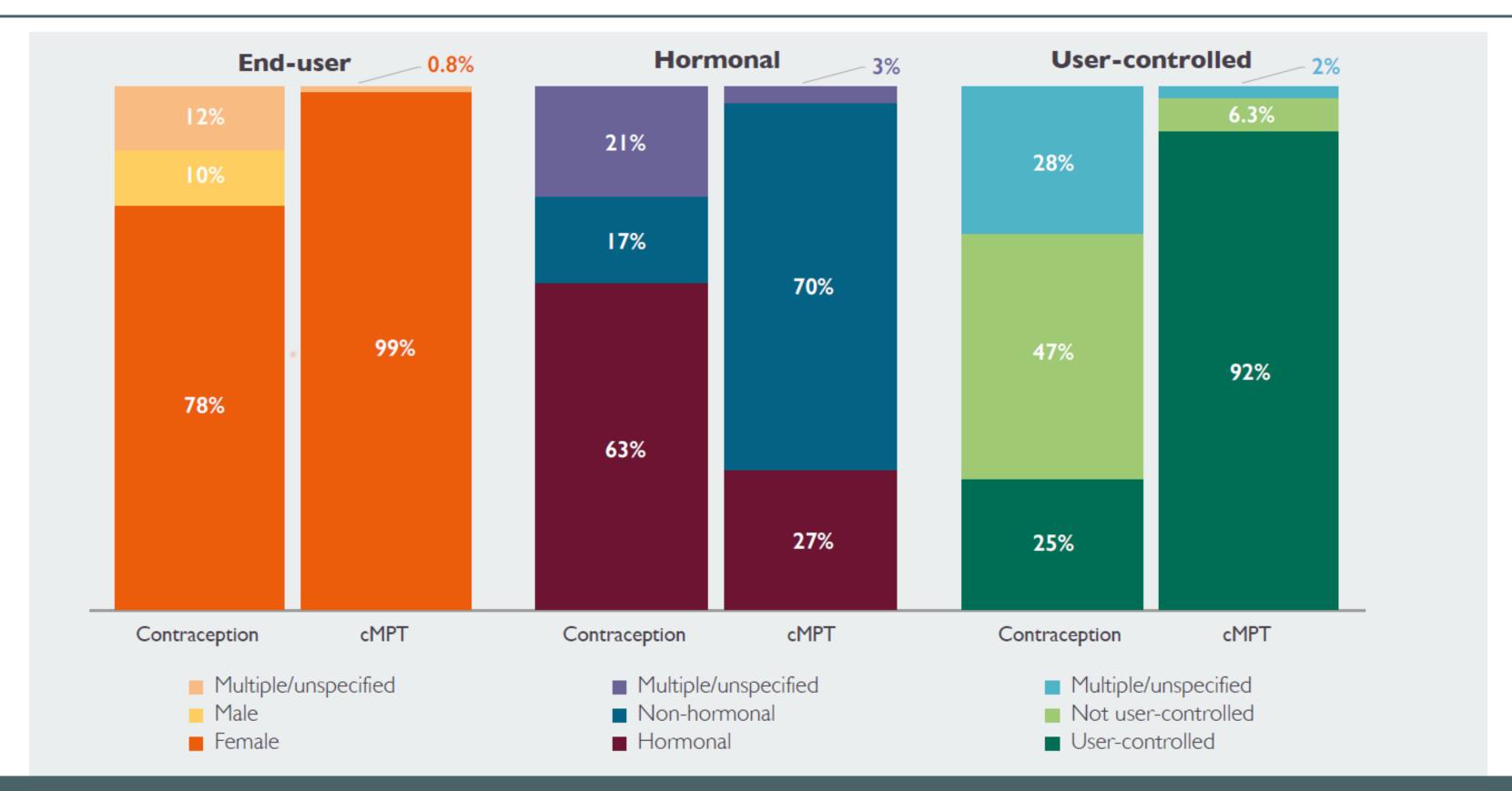


#### User-controlled vs non-user-controlled

- Non-user-controlled contraceptives largest, but this proportion has decreased substantially over the last four years (from 61% to 35%).
- User-controlled has increased steadily.



## Contraception vs cMPTs (4-year average 2018-2021)



#### Conclusion

- Stagnating, slightly decreasing levels of investment: \$117m compared to \$1,466m for LMIC-relevant HIV/AIDS R&D or \$243m from just one global company for R&D expenditure for cosmetics and personal care in 2021
- Encouraging trends: towards more human-centred, user-centric design in contraceptive innovation
  with more non-hormonal, user-controlled and male focused products funded
  - although still in early development stages (91% of non-hormonal, 58% of user-controlled and 68% of male-only contraceptive research funding is for early-stage research vs. 38% for all contraceptives)
- Limited pool of investors: 90% from US NIH, Gates and the industry, no support from the public sector in LMICs or from public sector multilaterals ▶ vulnerability

#### Access to the data...

### **G-FINDER Contraception R&D report**

March 2023

www.policycuresresearch.org/analysis

#### **G-FINDER SRH report**

First: August 2020

Next: October 2023

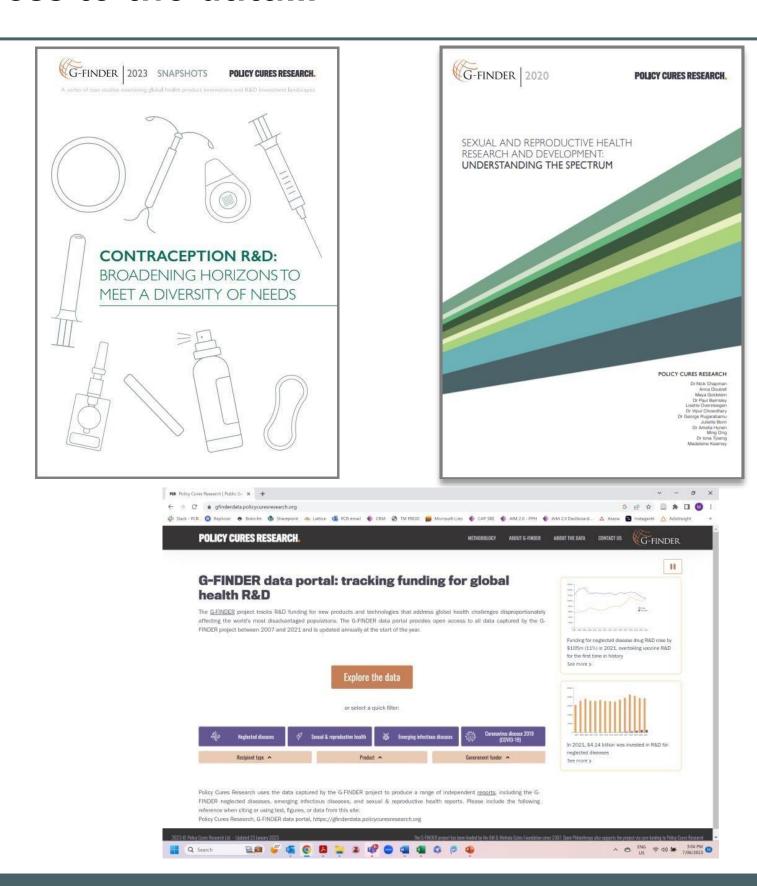
www.policycuresresearch.org/analysis

#### **G-FINDER** data portal

updated annually

www.gfinderdata.policycuresresearch.org/

Thank you! <a href="mailto:cventola@policycuresresearch.org">cventola@policycuresresearch.org</a>



# Private Investment in Contraceptive Innovation

July 26, 2023



# Agenda

**Venture Capital Overview** 

**RH Capital** 

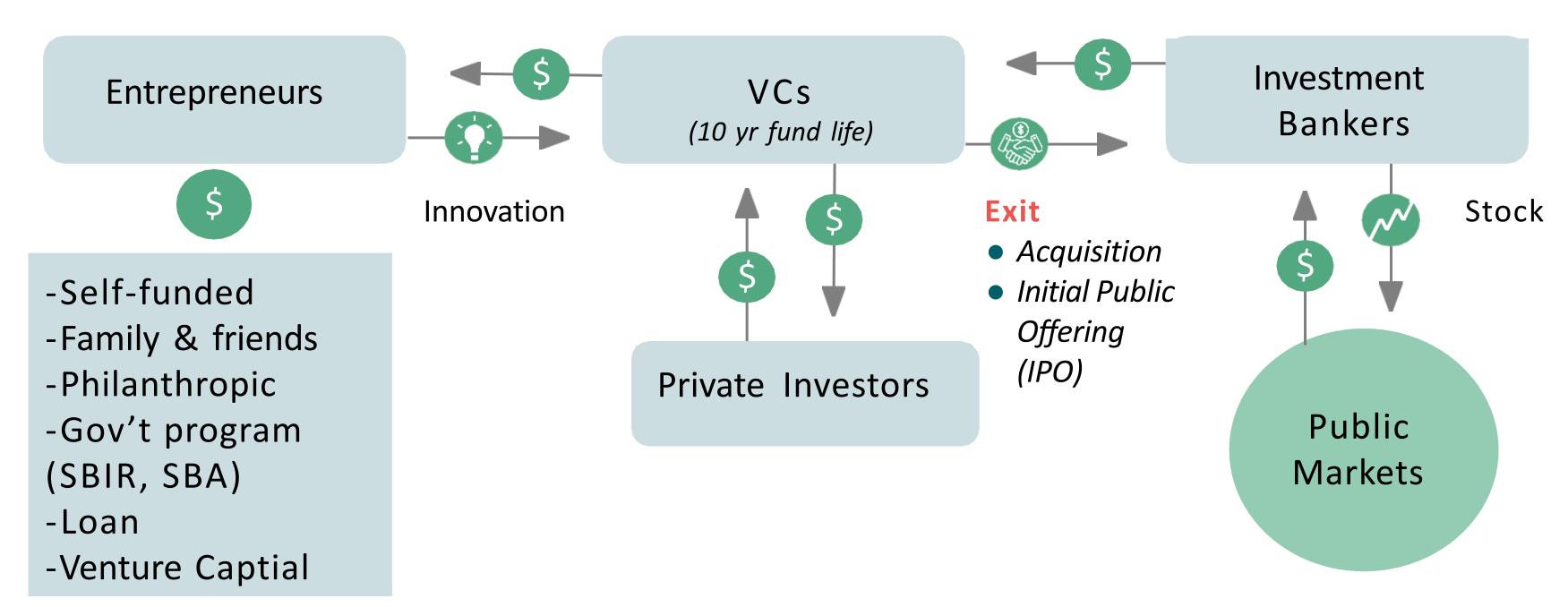
**Attracting Private Investment in CT** 

Market Overview & Opportunities Innovation Pipeline

Q&A

# What is Venture Capital (VC)?

Private investment into early-stage companies for **equity** with expected **high long term growth** potential.





# VCs role in the Economy

The #1 source of capital for the high-growth economy.

<0.25%

of companies receive VC funding

~50%

of companies undergoing IPOs are VC backed

\$65B

of VC capital invested in healthcare in US and Europe (2022)

Backing companies such as













"In recent decades, VC has generated more U.S. economic and employment growth than any other investment sector. Annually, venture investment makes up only **0.2% of GDP**, but **delivers 21%** of it."

- Brookings Institution



An early stage, venture capital fund advancing innovation and health equity in reproductive health

Focus Areas:



Contraception



**Maternal Health** 



Other High Impact Areas of RH

\$40+M

Assets under Management (AUM)

18

Investments to date (~20 target)

BILL & MELINDA
GATES foundation

Strategic Partner



# Contraceptive Strategy & Portfolio



De-Risking innovation to bring the next generation of contraceptives to market with the largest contraceptive portfolio in the world.

### Seeking solutions which are:

- Highly Effective
- Non-hormonal focus
- Male and Female methods
- On Demand methods
- User-controlled vs. HCP controlled

**Contraceptive Innovation Portfolio** 

# contraline

Male Contraceptive



Spherical IUD & Drug Delivery Platform





Next Gen Male & Female Contraceptive

**Contraceptive Access Portfolio** 







# The role of VC in Contraceptive Innovation

# **Product Development Stage**

Discovery

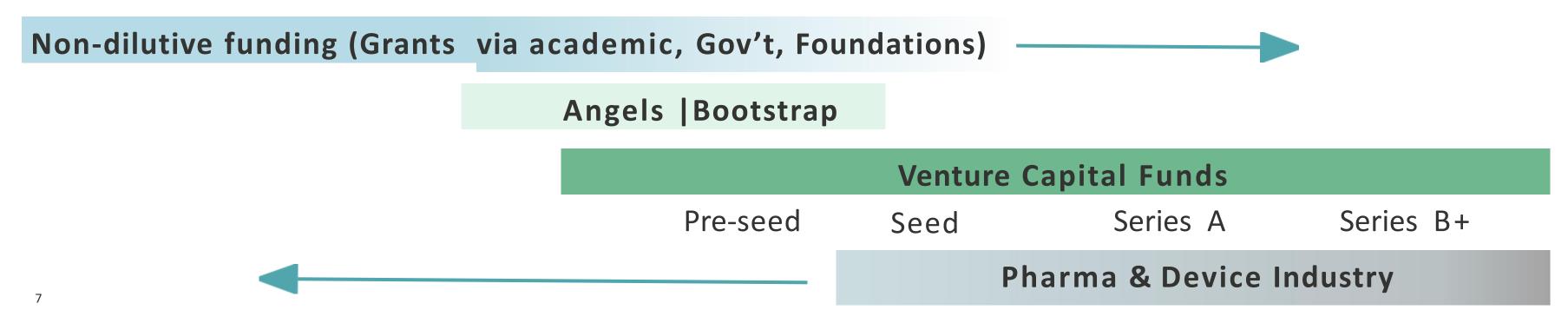
Pre-Clinical Research

Early Clinical Trials

Late Clinical Trials

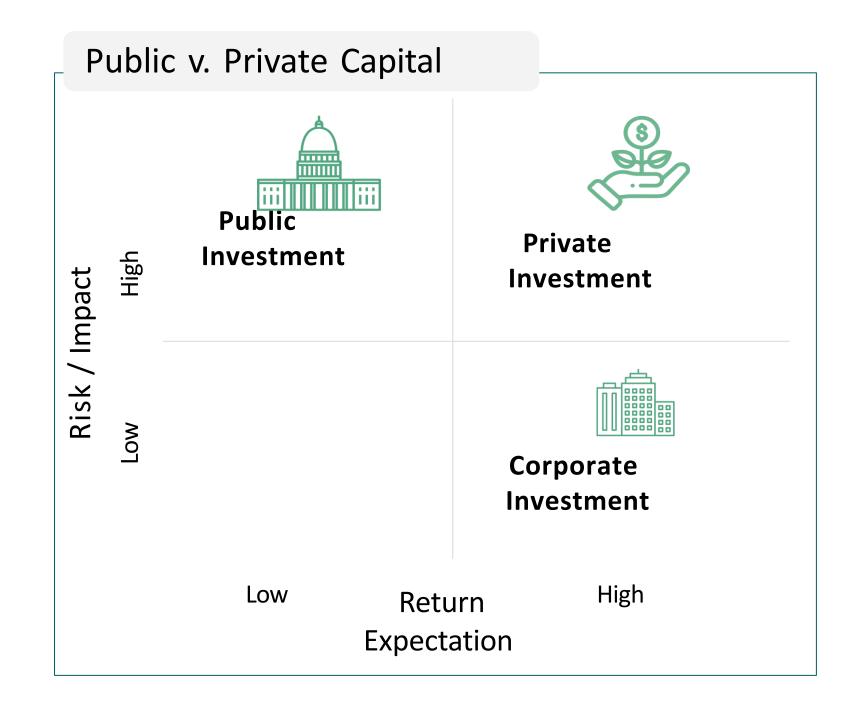
Commercialization

# **Capital Stage**



# Attracting Different Types of Capital

Capital sources for innovation have different criteria, including factors such as risk appetite and capital return expectations.

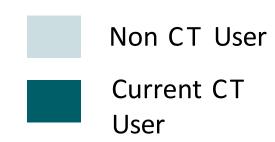


	Private Investment Criteria
Q	Large and/or Growing Market (revenue and demographics)
$\bigcirc$	Technology protected by strong IP
$\bigcirc$	Differentiated from Competitors
$\bigcirc$	Clear Regulatory Pathways
$\bigcirc$	Commercial & Reimbursement Potential
$\bigcirc$	Path to Exit via IPO or Acquisition

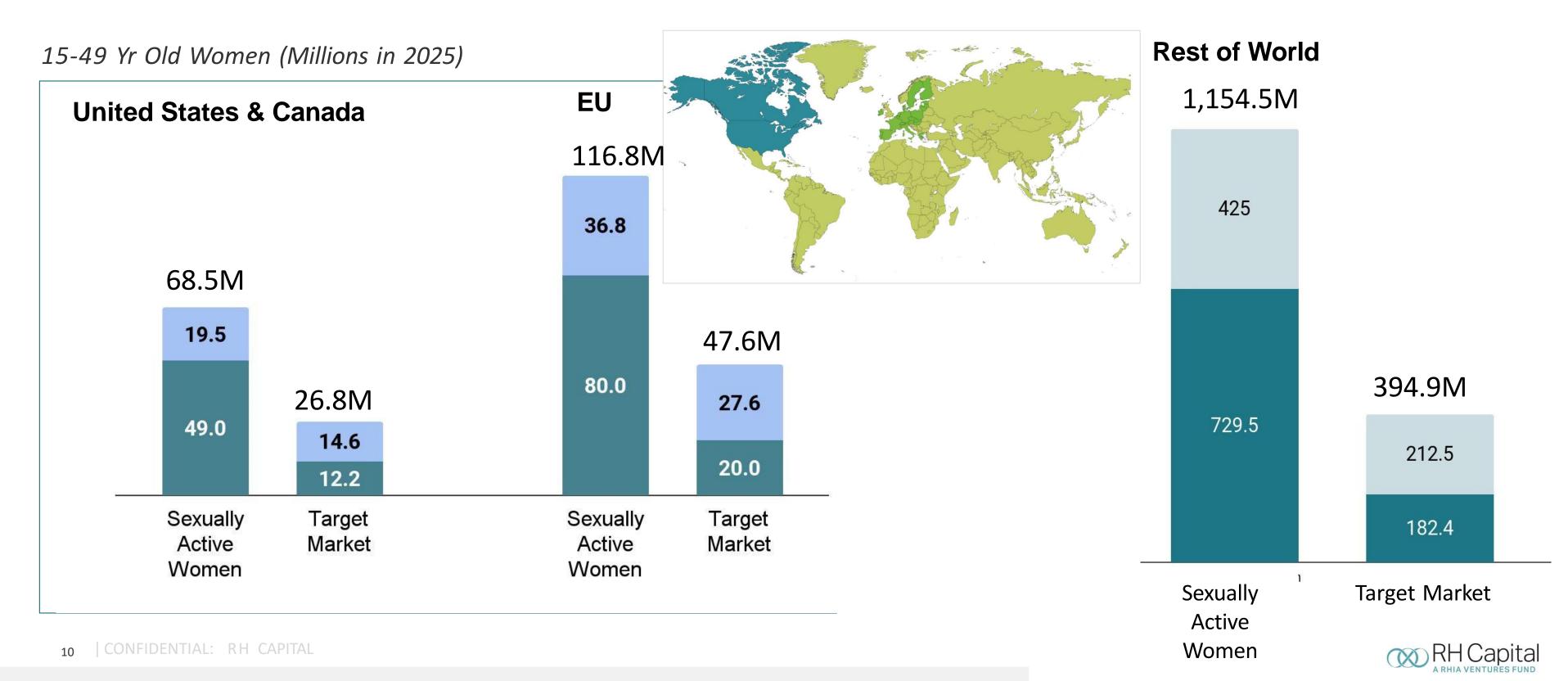


# Attracting Private Investment A New Era for Contraceptive Innovations

# An Innovators Dream



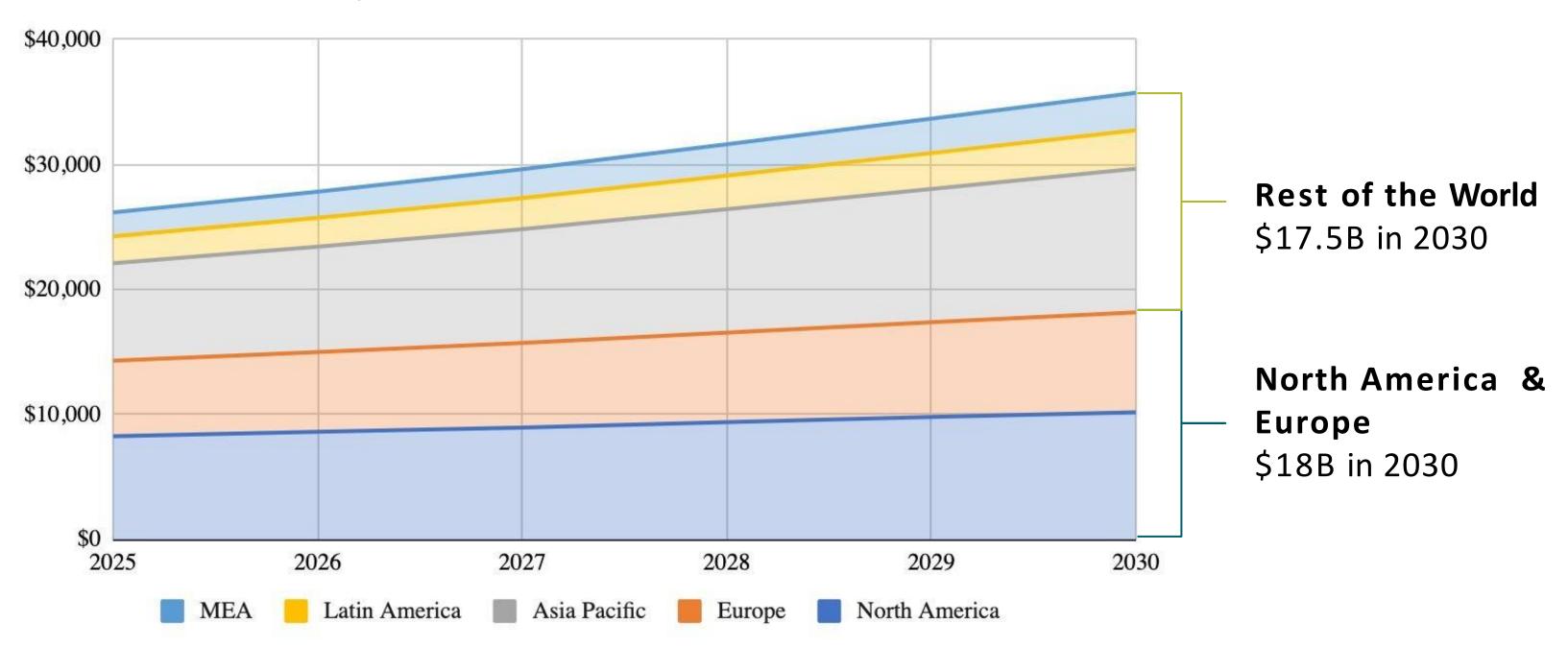
450M + women across the globe are potential users of new contraceptive technologies



# Measured in Billions | Global Contraceptive Market

A large and growing market, with a projected 6% global growth rate through 2030

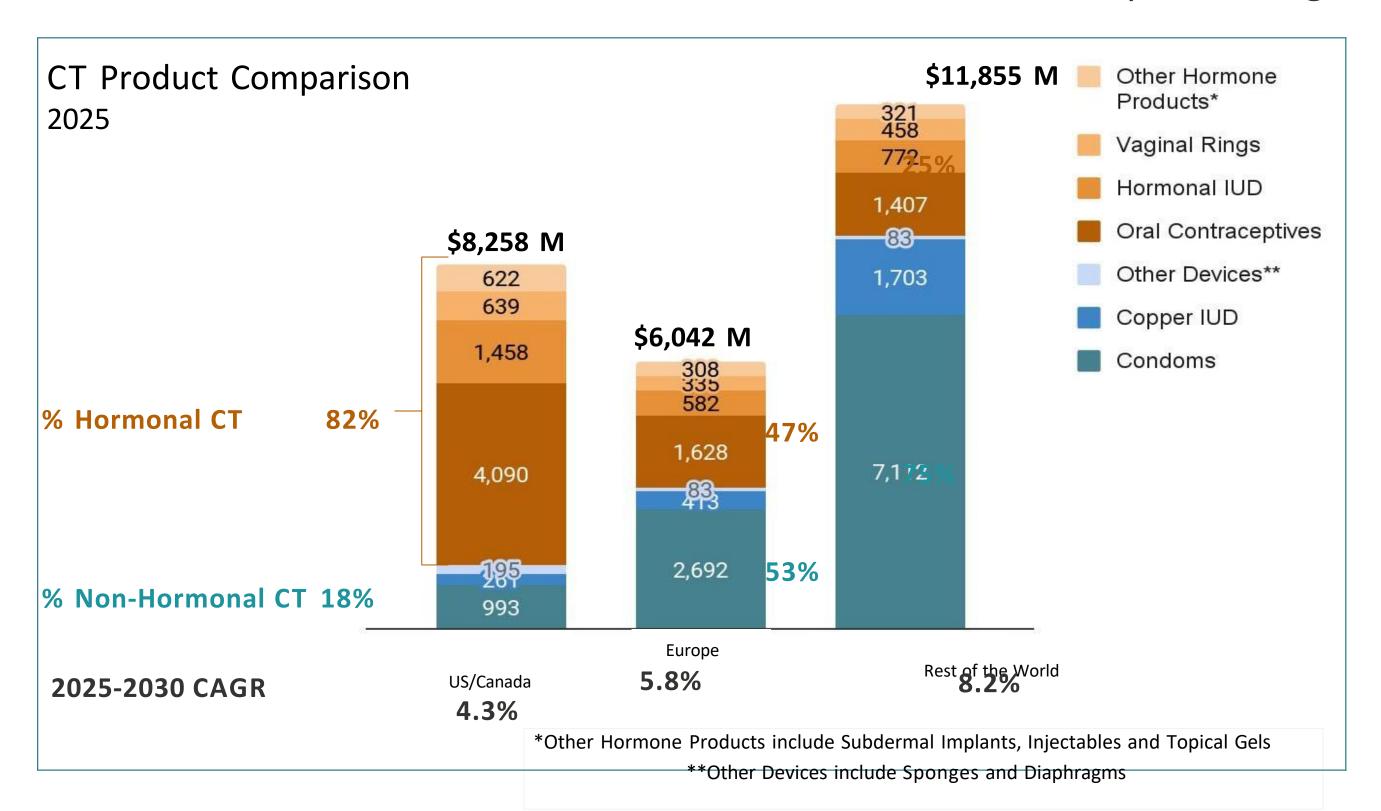
# Global Contraceptive Market 2025-2030





# Market Breakdown | Product Comparisons

Hormonal CT dominates North American market, but is less prevalent globally



- US/Canada market is larger than Europe, despite having ~60% of the population
- Both US/Canada and European markets are growing slowly compared to other regions
- "On-demand" methods represent only ~15% in the US/Canada but:
  - 45% of European market
  - 60% in other regions



# CT Products in US Market



Pharma Company/Startup	IUD	Implant	OC Pills	Patch	Ring	Injectable	Vaginal Gel	Condom/ Diaphragm
Abbvie (prev. Allergan)	V		<b>V</b>					
Bayer AG	<b>V</b>		<b>V</b>					
Agile				<b>V</b>				
Organon (prev. Merck)		<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>		<b>~</b>			
Pfizer			<b>/</b>			<b>V</b>		
Teva Pharmaceuticals			<b>V</b>		<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>		
CooperSurgical	<b>✓</b>							<b>V</b>
Mylan			<b>/</b>	<b>/</b>				
Mayne Pharma			<b>/</b>		<b>V</b>			
Perrigo (prev. HRA Pharma)		<b>/</b>						
J&J/Janssen								
Evofem								<b>✓</b>
Female Health Co/Veru								<b>V</b>
Various manufacturers								<b>V</b>
Key Takeaways	<ul><li>OCs, condoms,</li><li>R&amp;D efforts are</li><li>Reasons for lac regulatory risk,</li></ul>	primarily focused	d on developing n en's health includ	new varieties of ex le: concern over o	xisting products;	very little R&D fo	ocused on "novel	



# Regulatory Guidance for Product Development

The hormonal CT regulatory pathway is well established, while non-hormonal and male products have the opportunity to work with regulators to develop new approval standards.

#### Regulatory pathway

Discovery Research

Pre-Clinical Research

Phase I Clinical Research

Phase II Clinical Research Phase III Clinical Research

Commercialization

Investigational New Drug (IND)
Submission to FDA

New Drug Application (NDA)
Submission to FDA

#### Hormonal

Established regulatory standards: size of trials, number of cycles, and pregnancy as primary outcome measure

#### Non-hormonal

Working with regulators to develop **new** standards.



# Reimbursement | US & Europe

Payment process and rates vary significantly by country, slowing commercialization.



- Affordable Care Act (ACA) passed in 2010 requires insurance companies to pay for contraception and counseling with no out-of-pocket costs to consumers
  - Applies to all FDA approved products, including male condoms but not vasectomies
- Many insurance companies were not complying with regulations, pushing women towards cheaper, generic products
  - In 2022, after consumer complaints, federal govt began to enforce ACA requirements

Resulting in lengthy process to get new products approved on insurance company's formularies



#### Single-payer system

- EU member state recognize a reproductive health and rights is a prerequisite for achieving gender equality and a basic human right
- Numerous EU Member States have subsidized contraceptives on the grounds of public health or to uphold fundamental rights
- Typically, national health systems negotiate price and pay for contraceptive products with some co-pay required



# Early Market Validation

Momentum in the segment has increased with recent CT product launches and exit activity

#### **New Products**



Annovera
Hormonal Ring
August 2018



Twirla
Hormonal Patch
December 2020



Phexxi
Non-hormonal Gel
September 2020

#### **Recent M&A Activity**



# Catalyzing Contraceptive Innovation

The business case for private investment: An underserved market with high-upside potential

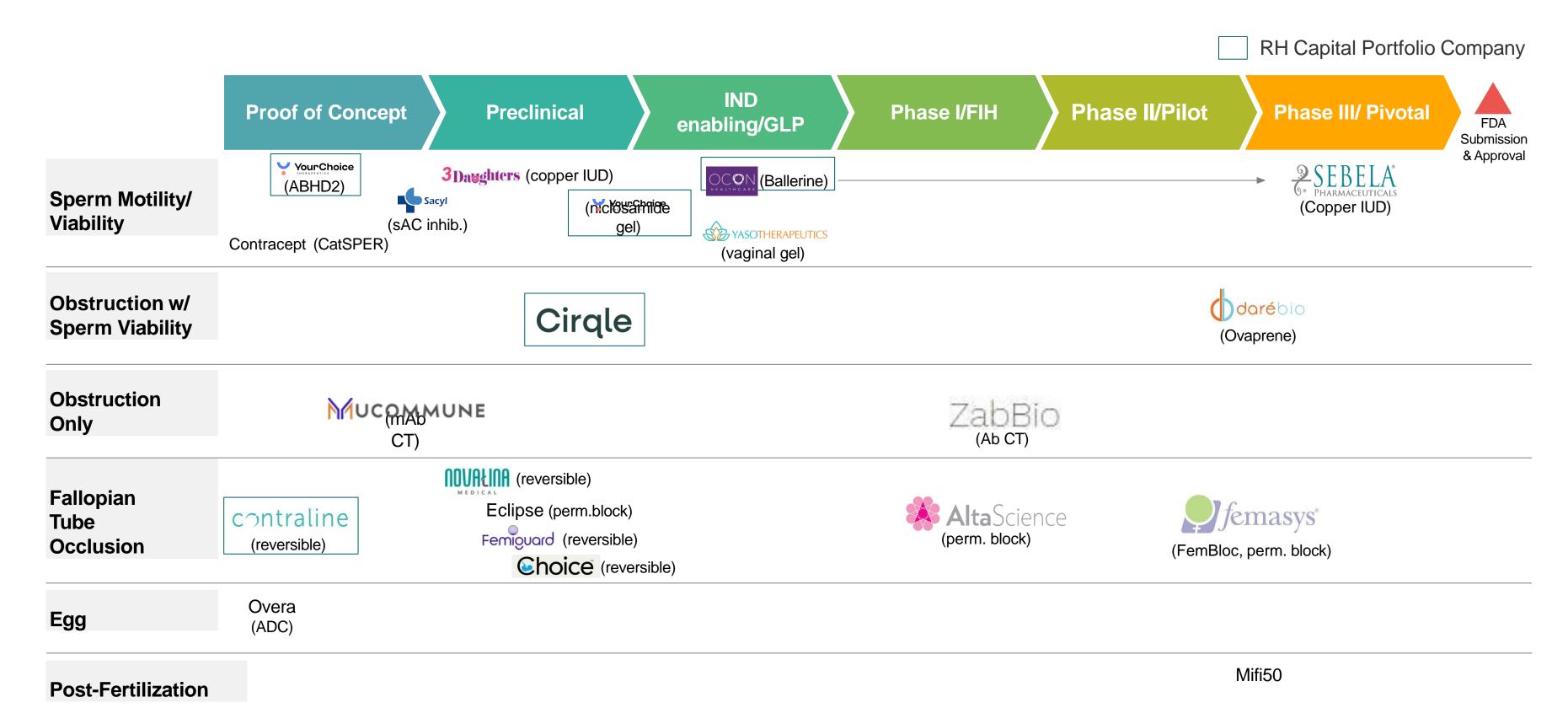
Status	Private Investment Criteria
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	Clear Regulatory Pathways
	Commercial & Reimbursement Potential
	Path to Exit via IPO or Acquisition

#### RH Capital's Value Add

- Masterclass series with technical expertise (scientific, regulatory)
- Support from BMGF
- Expertise in commercialization from existing CT portfolio
- Creating tools and resources to support the next generation of CT companies



# Pipeline | Non-Hormonal Female Contraceptive





# Pipeline | Male Contraceptives

Hormonal & Non-Hormonal offerings RH Capital Portfolio Company IND **Proof of Concept** Phase II/Pilot **Preclinical** Phase I/FIH **Phase III/ Pivotal** enabling/GLP Submission & Approval Govt/Acad DMAU inj. POPULATION Govt/Acad DMAU pill Your Choice COUNCIL **Spermatogenesis** Govt/Acad (NES/Tes gel) 118-MNTDC pill contraline **Sperm Transport** (Vasalgel) (ADAM) Sacyl Epp!nPharmainc **Sperm Motility** (sAC inhib.)



**Fertilization** 

# Thank You

# Discussion: Impact of Funder Strategy on Research Capability

Rebecca Callahan, PhD, MPH FHI 360











# Closing Remarks

Dr. Samukeliso Dube FP2030





# Thanks for Attending

Questions: cti@fhi360.org













