Rwanda's

FP2030 Commitment

RWANDA'S FAMILY PLANNING VISION FOR 2030: Achieve the highest attainable standard of health across the life course for all women, men, and young people with equitable access to rightsbased quality Family Planning (FP) services towards sustainable socio-economic development.





1. Expand FP awareness-raising strategies to address gaps in knowledge, attitude, and behaviors. Increase demand for FP among community members, including men, women, and young people

Social and Behavior Change (SBC) interventions will promote services and FP awareness. Stakeholder collaborations will strengthen Comprehensive Sexuality Education (CSE) programs. The Ministry of Health will create CSE materials for out-of-school youth and service providers. Counselling will engage men and boys as FP method users and supportive partners. Religious/local leaders who conduct marriages will receive FP training.



2. Improve access to and uptake of quality FP services by increasing the number of service delivery points and number of skilled healthcare providers

Training, mentorship, and supportive supervision will support health care providers in public and private facilities with building capacity and providing quality FP services. Fully integrating FP services at reproductive, maternal, newborn, child and adolescent health delivery points will increase service uptake. Outreach activities will increase access to long-acting reversible contraceptives and permanent methods.



3. Expand the available contraceptive method mix at all levels of FP service delivery points by introducing new FP methods

The government will develop a costed implementation plan for introducing new FP methods. FP tools will be updated to integrate new FP methods and related client-oriented service provision. The government will integrate these new FP methods into existing Social Behavior Change Communications and the commodity forecasting, quantification, and procurement process.



4. Link evidence-based programming for high impact interventions with policy development and strategy formulation

Research dissemination meetings will enable action plans developments to address findings. Dashboards will monitor and show FP initiative progress. The government will specifically conduct studies like:

- SRH Investment Case for Rwanda to understand the financial need and return on investment
- Service delivery point survey to assess commodity availability, FP discontinuation determinants, etc.



5. By 2030, the Government of Rwanda will increase domestic resources to finance FP interventions from the current budget allocation

The government will ensure and strengthen inter-sectoral collaboration—including private sector involvement with services, supplies, and financing. Data from existing systems will bolster conversations on the value of FP product procurement. Expenditure will align with evidence-based and cost-effective priorities outlined in national strategic documents.

This infographic is made possible by the support of the American People through the U.S. Agency for International Development under the Knowledge SUCCESS (Strengthening Use, Capacity, Collaboration, Exchange, Synthesis, and Sharing) Project Cooperative Agreement No. 7200AA19CA00001 with the Johns Hopkins University. Knowledge SUCCESS is supported by USAID's Bureau for Global Health, Office of Population and Reproductive Health and led by the Johns Hopkins Center for Communication Programs (CCP) in partnership with Amref Health Africa, The Busara Center for Behavioral Economics (Busara), and FHI 360. The information provided in this infographic are the sole responsibility of Knowledge SUCCESS and does not necessarily reflect the views of USAID, the U.S. Government, or the Johns Hopkins University.

FP2030 COUNTRY COMMITMENTS AT A GLANCE

Approach to Accountability

Rwanda will use existing platform meetings and a Reproductive Maternal, Newborn, Child and Adolescent Health (RMNCAH) score card as accountability tracking mechanism to track progress on the commitment and engagement by various partners. The FP2030 commitment is aligned with national processes such as ICPD25 Commitments, National Health Sector Strategic plans, etc.

At the subnational level, District coordination meetings, District health management team (DHMT) meetings, Heads of health facilities, FP/ASRH focal points, data managers, office in-charge of planning, CSOs and the private sector meetings, among others, will track implementation progress.



OTHER ELEMENTS OF RWANDA'S ACCOUNTABILITY APPROACH

1 Mobilizing old and new partnerships

New partners will join existing platforms for stakeholder engagement and harmonizing efforts that will emphasize collective ownership to address any identified bottlenecks.

- 2 Ensuring visibility and transparency Ministry of Health bulletins will display data from surveys, service statistics, spending assessments, etc. Reports and meetings will highlight research findings and success stories,
- 3 **Centralizing leadership for technical working groups** Such mechanisms spur local ownership, strong stakeholder relationships, and transparent agreement on commitments.

COMMITMENT PRINCIPLES:

FP2030 Commitments should...

- Align with the country's other partnerships
- Be grounded in available data and evidence
- Address FP2030's 5 focus areas
 - policy
 - data
 - financing
 - gender norms
 - system responsiveness
- Be developed and validated through an inclusive, equitable, and transparent process



Steps to Consider in Making a Commitment:



FP2030 COUNTRY COMMITMENTS AT A GLANCE