

Kyrgyz Republic's



FP
»»2030

FP2030 Commitment

KYRGYZ REPUBLIC'S FAMILY PLANNING VISION FOR 2030:

By the end of 2030, the vision on family planning (FP) is creating the conditions that enable the population to exercise their SRH rights for enhancing the quality of their lives and meeting their FP needs.



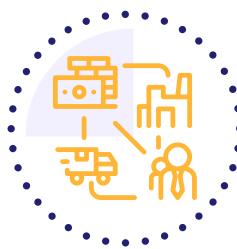
1. Improving the quality of FP services through the development and implementation of clinical protocols/guidelines and providing quality Post-Partum and Post-abortion FP (PPFP) counselling and voluntary contraception to all clients, by involving private health facility organizations

There will be a joint review (with the country's Ministry of Education and Science) and the introduction of (at least 3) new clinical protocols/guidelines on PPFP in the curricula of medical colleges and medical institutions. These changes will enhance the quality of FP services for both state and private sectors. Providers will be trained to respond to the needs of PPFP clients facing gender-based violence.



3. Reducing the adolescent birth rate from 50 per 1,000 women to 40 per 1,000 women by focusing actions on sexually active adolescents aged 18-19 years through increasing access to Reproductive Health information and services

The government will develop a Communication Plan on raising awareness of FP issues to adolescents, including sexual and reproductive health (SRH), prevention of early marriages, bride kidnapping for marriage, pregnancy and sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and their introduction into the curricula of secondary specialized educational institutions and higher educational institutions.



2. Increasing digital-data visibility of management of contraceptive supply chain purchased from the state budget, and ensuring territorial accessibility and economic affordability of various contraceptive types

The Kyrgyz Republic will expand the National Essential Medicines List to include new contraceptive choices. Moreover, the list of contraceptives included into the additional drug package for meeting the family planning needs of insured women will also be expanded. The government will develop a digital information system for state-led management of supply chain of contraceptives by 2030. It will strengthen the electronic contraceptives supply chain management system and introduce national digital logistic management information system.



4. "Minimum Initial Service Package" (MISP) tool for SRH including FP included into government regulations, the national health contingency plan, and the disaster risk reduction strategy

The Kyrgyz Republic will introduce minimum standards of SRH regulations in humanitarian settings. Having a national plan will expand access to FP and reduce maternal mortality, especially for populations affected by conflict, natural disasters, or outbreaks of infectious diseases. A working group will review and develop disaggregated data to aid in preparedness and response efforts. The Republic will strengthen the national human resource capacity to manage SRH commodities including emergency contraceptive supplies.



KYRGYZ REPUBLIC'S FINANCIAL COMMITMENT OBJECTIVE: INCREASE THE USE OF CONTRACEPTIVES BY WOMEN OF REPRODUCTIVE AGE FROM THE LIST OF HIGH MEDICAL AND SOCIAL RISK OF MATERNAL MORTALITY TO 60% BY 2026 AND TO 70% BY 2030

The MoH of the KR will endorse the regulation on digital mechanisms for projecting the needs for financing, oversight of contraceptives procurement and monitoring of the budget execution. The MoH will continue to commit budgetary resources to family planning, primarily for the purchase of contraceptive commodities to cover at least 60% of women of reproductive age from the list of high medical and social risk of maternal mortality in 2026 and 70% in 2030 and will track the budget to assess whether the allocation for family planning is being implemented as per the approved budget and timelines.

Approach to Accountability

1 Mutual Accountability between Ministry of Health (MoH), FP Advisory Council (FPAC), and other stakeholders

The MoH will use the existing platforms for tracking progress:

- MoH website
- Ministry of Finance public funding procurement portal
- Digital health database to track health data and services
- Open Data Portal to track transparency data
- Mandatory health insurance fund to track FP benefits
- Republican Centre for Health Promotion (RCHP) to track principles of outreach and promote public health FP policy
- Unit responsible for coordinating/monitoring Department of Drug Provision and Medical Equipment
- National Statistical Committee of the Kyrgyz Republic

2 Policy Level - 4 new indicators for E-Health information Center (E-HIC):

- Total annual public expenditures of state-procured commodities
- % of women from medical/social risk groups using state-bought contraceptives
- PFP indicators
- Logistic Management Information System (LMIS) of contraceptive indicators

3 Programmatic Level - MoH will develop and integrate new indicators for the Health management information center (HMIC), LMIS, education system platforms, etc.

COMMITMENT PRINCIPLES:

FP2030 Commitments should...

- Align with the country's other partnerships
- Be grounded in available data and evidence
- Address FP2030's 5 focus areas
 - policy
 - data
 - financing
 - gender norms
 - system responsiveness
- Be developed and validated through an inclusive, equitable, and transparent process

READ KYRGYZ REPUBLIC'S FULL COMMITMENT

LEARN MORE ABOUT PROCESS

Steps to Consider in Making a Commitment:

