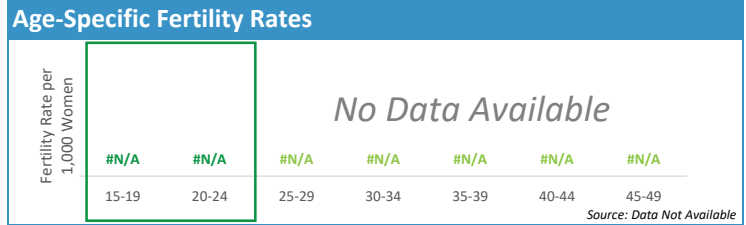
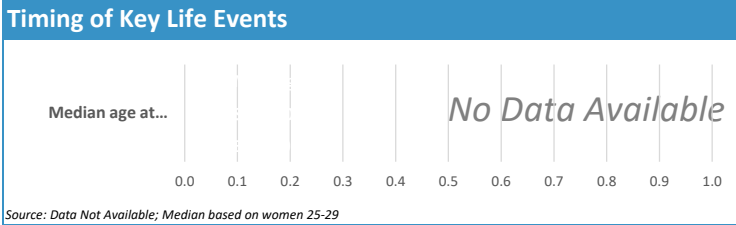
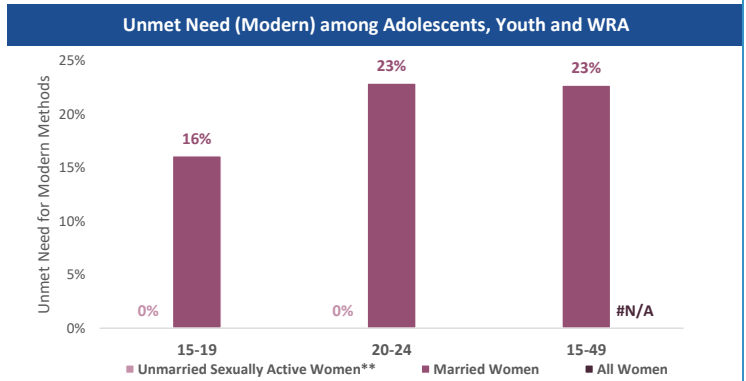
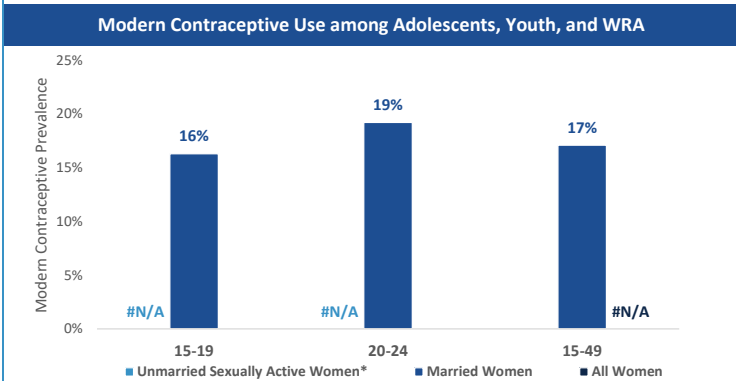


# Assessing Opportunities for Family Planning Programming among Adolescents and Youth in Djibouti

# (%) of WRA who are 15-24 (2022)	Married Adolescent/Youth Population (2022)	Unmarried Sexually Active Adolescent/Youth Population (2022)	Unmarried Adolescent/Youth Population (No Data on Sexual Activity) (2022)
109,000 (36% of WRA)	14,000	No Data	96,000



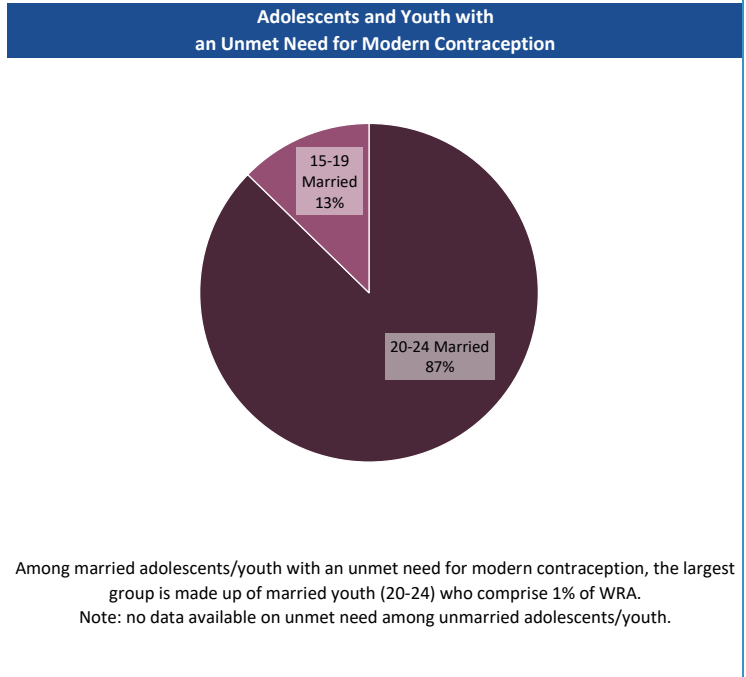
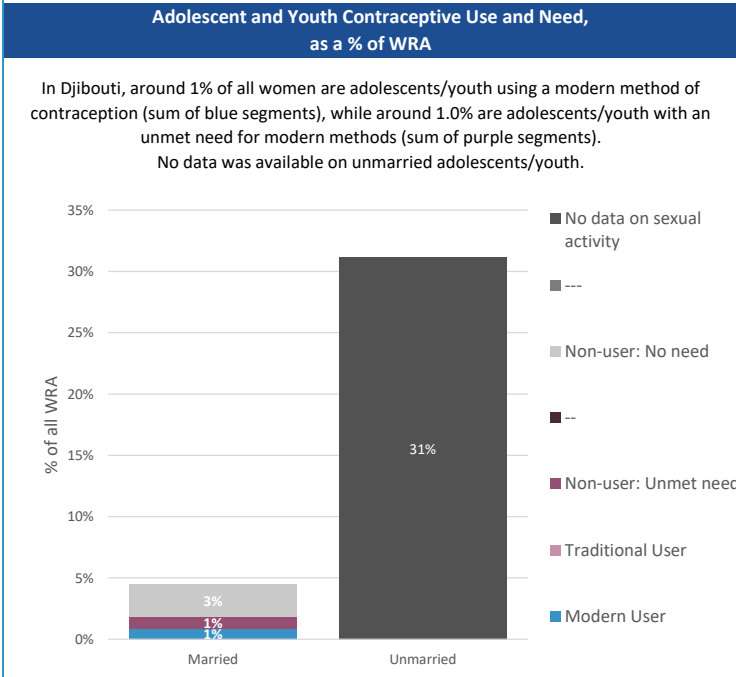
## Contraceptive Use and Need among Adolescents (15-19) and Youth (20-24)



The graphs above show modern contraceptive use and need among married and unmarried sexually active women ages 15-19 and 20-24, and among married and all women of reproductive age (15-49), allowing for comparison between these groups. However, the overall size of these groups can vary widely based on norms around age at marriage, first sexual intercourse, and the occurrence of sex outside of marriage. Understanding the size of the population that falls into each age and marital status group, shown in the graphs below, is key to understanding the potential reach and impact of adolescent- and youth-focused programming.

## Opportunities for Reaching Adolescents and Youth with Modern Contraception

Of all the women of reproductive age (WRA) in the country, 36% are adolescents and youth (15-24). Of these, 96,000 (or 31% of WRA) are unmarried, with no data available on their sexual activity. While interventions on this population may impact current and future contraceptive use, limited data may make it difficult to estimate the potential impact. For the rest of the adolescent and youth population, it is important to consider how contraceptive use and need vary by age and marital status in order to determine where to focus programmatic efforts.



Note - Unmarried sexually active was defined as women who are neither married or in union and report last sex within 12 months of the survey. This definition varies from the DHS's definition of sexual activity. \*indicates sample size of unmarried sexually active women 15-24 were too small to estimate contraceptive use or unmet need.

